

WHANGANUI FAMILY VIOLENCE INTERVENTION NETWORK

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familyviolencewhanganui.org

June 2022- Issue 10

VIN MEETING-ELDER ABUSE WEEK Thursday 9th of June



ELDER ABUSE HITS CLOSE TO HOME

Call 0800 EA IS NOT OK or Age Concern 0800 65 2 105

GUEST SPEAKERS

- Age Concern (Karen and Michelle)
- 2. Mana Man/Tupoho (Mahanga)
- Woven Whānau/ Grandparents raising their grandchildren (Rachel)
- 4. Pride Whanganui (Lorraine)
- 5. Hakeke Street Community Centre (Jane)

A round table discussion with speakers from various parts of the community, who work with/alongside our older people (60+) across the spectrum of intervention/prevention of family violence and support for healthy, safe, and connected whānau/family and community relationships.

- What are some of the challenges facing the group of older people that you work with? Are you seeing different things for different demographics?
- How does family violence present in the groups you are working with/ is it something that is openly talked about/ do you feel like you could approach it or offer support/ resources? What are some of the complex factors that get in the way of support (for those specifically in fv intervention)?
- What are some of the unconscious biases that you see people holding about those aged over 65+? How does this impact on them?
 - How has Covid impacted on those that you work with, are you seeing more anxiety/depression/loneliness/conn ection/support? Has the languaging around them being "vulnerable" had an impact on how they see themselves?
- What are the gaps in service that you see?
- What are protective factors in the lives of the older people that you work with?
- How do you think we can better share information/ integrate support to make sure that the perspectives, needs and desires of our older people are being met?

QUESTIONS

Age Concern: Challenges- Intergenerational living has been exasperated by Covid, this means lots of things- like cramped living in small spaces, financial insecurity with lots more mouths to feed, tensions between family members that maybe were previously, EPOA's that are being misused and abused (not in the best interest of those it is intended to protect).

Pride Whanganui: Challenges- Historical discrimination – mainly from friends and family. Historical shame – caused by society and the law that jailed homosexual men and institutionalised a lot of homosexual women.

Isolation from family – for most, many years ago they made a decision to be their authentic selves and it was quite common for family, including their kids to shun them/want nothing to do with them. For some we're talking 20+ years so now they don't know how to contact family (if the wanted to) to reconcile etc.

Mana Man:
ChallengesMen over 60 that I
work with are living
with the consequences
of choices made in the
past do to with
violence. This might
mean little contact
with their whanau or
kids.

Hakeke Street: Challenges- Loneliness, isolation, living far away from their adult children/ grandchildren, exasperated by Covid. Fear of technology (and lack of accessibility) which adds to this.

Woven Whanau: Challenges- Our grandparents are nearly always in a situation where their moko have come into their care unplanned. Often times this is compounded by a fracture in the relationship between the grandparent/s and the parent/s. Often also due to addiction. There are a lot of compounding factors. For our grandparents they are often living on a pension, not wanting to dob their kids into WINZ (or being threatened by their kids not to), so they are trying their best to financially look after their moke and also to keep them emotionally/physically safe (and continue their relationships with their parents where possible).

Woven Whanau-Unconscious bias: The idea that the grandparents have chosen to raise their grandchildren/ that they are somehow at fault for their own children giving up parenting.

Pride WhanganuiUnconscious bias: If they choose to "come out" people label them as having a midlife crisis, or worse yet, for men, the societal notion of a gay man being labelled a paedophile is still a very real threat. This stems from historical laws that made it illegal to be gay in NZ until 1986.

(Some of the learnings)

Hakeke Street: Protective Factors-Community engagement, learning new technological skills, being able to connect with friends and family, having hobbies outside of the home

Age Concern-Impacts of Covid-People have been isolated in ways that they might not have been previously.

People have been labeled as vulnerable when that might not be how they feel about themselves, this has sometimes turned into changes in relationship/ power dynamics with adult children, who have made choices for their parents based on mandates etc. that may not be inline with what our clients want.

Age Concern-Impacts of Covid-

People have been isolated in ways that they might not have been previously. People have been labeled as vulnerable when that might not be how they feel about themselves, this has sometimes turned into changes in relationship/power dynamics with adult children, who have made choices for their parents based on mandates etc. that may not be inline with what our clients want.

FV present? It is not something that is openly talked about, so not a lot is known. But we do know that some people feel pressured to stay within their relationships (say heterosexual relationships), rather than "coming out" for the threat from their partner of "taking their kids away from them" or from their own children with the threat of "you'll never have anything to do with your grandkids" We have a lot of people that either live double lives because of this or are unable to be their authentic selves for fear of losing their family.

Pride Whanganui- How does

Pride Whanganui: Impacts of Covid.
Our Rainbow community are tough as nails, they've had to be unfortunately due to their journey, I haven't met a single older rainbow person who's journey has been without issues. So from that - they've built a resilience. It doesn't mean they're not still isolated, but they have adapted quite well. However, they would never label themselves as vulnerable and would def not like to be identified with this word

Age Concern: Gaps in Serviceoverrun healthcare system- people
in their homes eligible for care,
signed up for care and the care
not turning up.
People financially unable to look
after home repair etc. Roll-on
effects of this can be dire (i.e. leak
leading to rotten floorboards and
not being able to shower.



Results of a small community survey on

Family Violence Awareness







connect them to hapu/iwi support

tell their family domestic violence support services

Help them to leave-with money/ a place to stay/

WHAT ARE
SOME OF
THOSE
SKILLS?

take their kids somewhere safe

respect boundaries

them to ancestors

WHAT ARE

SOME OF Let

make their own decisions

make a

Oranganui

Family

Works

CAB

Community

Centre

Church

Support

Women's

Refuge

call the

tell them you care

let them use your phone

PURPOSE

A small window into family violence awareness in our community.

This survey was posted on our VIN Facebook page and Whanganui news Facebook pages and had 123 responses.

This is obviously not representative of our population as a whole, however the insights gained will be useful in having further conversations and developing pilot projects around family violence prevention/intervention skill-building.

What would you like to see in our community to support raising awareness and skill-building?

Peer led groups (survivors talking from their own experience about what helps)

compulsory workplace training re: 10 days domestic leave (with skill-building as part of that)

tik-tok's

Community events with interesting role-plays/ speakers

A website

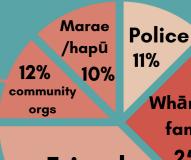
police support positive things in community like men's breakfasts to build men's mana + maanakitanga

> more advertising in public spaces on what healthy relationships look like

free training

more awareness of diversity of family violence/ training that includes rainbow people.

Community events with music/food etc and family violence skillbuilding stuff alongside Where would you go to get help for family violence?



Whānau / family 25%

Friends 40%



Results of a small survey of

VIN Members

HOW MANY 0 = 30%MONTHLY 1 = 25% **MEETINGS** 2 = 15% **HAVE YOU** 3 = 25% **ATTENDED THIS** 5 = 10% **YEAR (2022)?**



info and

Learned about Court Kaiarahi role and FV processes

> Learned about of other services (community working together)

> > Chance to connect with grassroots fv initiatives

SOMETHING **NEW YOU HAVE TAKEN** AWAY?

How imperative new community Whanganui for future generations

Chances for interagency

local

resource

Tool to

support

clients

easy to read

and clear

visuals

Revisiting familiar theory and discovering new theory and how they interconnect

free/low-cost training

PURPOSE

Our VIN Network is made up of 45 agencies, this survey was sent out to 141 different contacts within these agencies and we had 43 responses.

The purpose of this survey was to see how effective VIN has been in building family violence workforce capability through connections and training, alongside looking at areas of potential growth (what has worked/ what hasn't/ what do members want to see more of in the coming six months?

Have you used the new website familyviolencewhanganui.org?

Easy to

navigate

awesome use

of logo and

intervention

model

Helps keep

us well

connected

What do you love?



Did you attend the Good **Shepherd Training?** Financial

abuse was something I hadn't factored as a major force of coercive control

Love their tools around how to have korero about money/ what a healthy financial relationship means

Got me thinking about what we have in our community to support our clients with this

NO = 61%

YES = 39%

any improvements?

All the info

in one place

inclusive of

VIN

newsletters/ power and

control

wheels

of the

inclusive



Did you attend the Nicola

how satisfied

are you with

the trainings

in 2022?

Already constraints completed **Atwool Trauma training?** other Too many changes with trainings training dates re: Covid with her **NO = 80%** Too postponements expensive **YES = 20%**

Improvements update some make sure links go through to relevant f.v service info language to not just homepages of make it more update all of the services

Need more promotion, reminders to use it

details (with blurbs and logos not just coloured boxes/links to websites)



Work time



Results of a small survey of

VIN Members

Do you feel like VIN supports interagency collaboration in the family violence space?



Would you like to see VIN involved in supporting the Te Aorerekura Specialist Family Violence Organisational Standards and the Entry to Expert Capability Framework? via supporting orgs to reflect, evaluate, review, and improve organisation structures, systems, processes and practices/holding accreditation trainings etc.?



Helps us learn what each organisation is doing in the community/ giving us a chance to network to locate better supports for our clients

> VIN connects wider community groups to specialist fv agencies- more entry points for connecting clients with services +

Creating a collaborative interagency VIN culture-understanding differences in organisational cultures and how to bridge the gaps so we can work better together for VIN kaupapa

WHAT ARE
WE DOING
WELL, WHAT
COULD WE
DO BETTER?

Makes fv service gaps more visible, supports interagency korero to fill these The VIN
Coordinator should
be at the SAM
(Safety Assessment
Meetings), they are
connected to
multiple agencies
that can't attend and
could scaffold
in the most
appropriate agency
involvement with
whanau

that can't attend a could scaffold in the most

appropriate agent involvement with whanau

Improves equity,
by highlighting communities that

How helpful do you find the monthly newsletters? What would you like to see more of?

Very Helpful 37 %

Helpful 52 %

Neither
Helpful or
Unhelpful
Unhelpful
Very
Unhelpful 0 %

Highlighting local FV agencies and their mahi More online fv training information

More unpacking of relevant fv journal articles/literature

Interviews with local grassroots initiativesshowcasing the good in our community

What would you like to see more of?

This question was "tick all that you are interested in"

Round table
topical
discussions at
VIN meetings
with multiple
speakers from
diverse
organisations

Brain injury conference

Training: Child protection in the context of family violence (Eclipse Family Violence Services)

Other: Training: Strangulation/TBI with Rob Veale

How to have difficult conversations with other service providers More whole-ofcommunity events

More focus on supporting men to not use violence/ deal with trauma/ have healthy relationships.

Training: The correlation of grief and trauma and the cycle of violence for perpetrators and victims (Liberty training)

Training:
Identifying and
responding to
abuse in the
disability
community
(Auckland
disability
working group)

More agency collaborative

projects (events in the family violence/

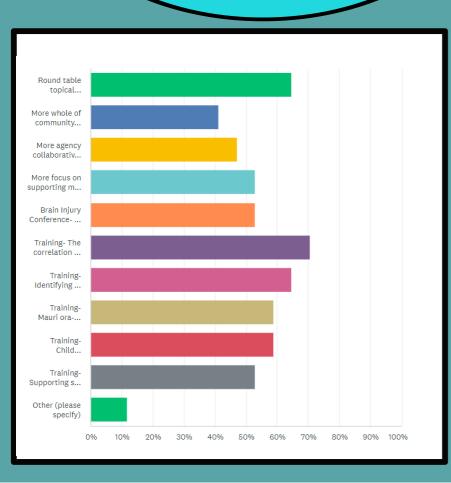
healthy relationships

space)

Training:
Supporting Safe
Practice,
preventing
professional
dangerousness

(Auckland disability vorking group)
raining: Maurira conceptual

Training: Mauri
Ora- conceptual
framework for
the prevention of
whanau violence
(Te Korowai
Aroha o
Aotearoa)







"A Duty to Care" Pūrongo tuawhitu: Me manaaki te tangata

THREE QUESTIONS:

- Do Agencies understand the impact of violence on the whole family or whanau?
- Is there comprehensive understanding of the impact of caring for family members with long-term health or disability concerns?
- 3. Do societal assumptions about inequitable decision-making and caregiving responsibilities, place those with reduced decision-making capabilities at the risk of abuse?

SPECIFIC FOCUS ON:

intrafamilial violence deaths and family violence death for disabled people.

HIGHLIGHTS:

The work of three kaupapa Māori organisations that have a "duty of care" embedded into their practices- this means a "whole-of-whānau" approach. These organisations are leading the way, their approaches show us how to form, and the benefit of genuine, respectful relationships.

NEED FOR: - locally defined and empowered DUTY TO CARE.

legislative provisions are already available for this MANAAKITANGA embodies a type of caring that is reciprocal and unqualified, based on respect and kindness, embedded in

on respect and kindness, embedded in values of whānau, emphasising obligation and reciprocal relationships.

Report draws attention
to the concept of DUTY TO
CARE and EXLPORES
factors that have pushed
Aotearoa away from
caring for people
experiencing family
violence.

Te Ao Māori lens on

"DUTY TO CARE"

WHANAUNGATANGA extends beyond people to environment and spiritual realm A duty to care is related to, but distinct from "A DUTY OF CARE" (Western legal obligation to ensure safety and wellbeing of others).

WHAKAPAPA duty to care for those joined by blood and common ancestry NEED FOR: ongoing duty to care for those

care for those impacted by a death.

How can we make sure that our orgs are not adding to victim entrapment?

WE ALL HAVE A LEGAL DUTY OF CARE

This has implications:

- 1. The need for family and whanāu to be valued as experts in their own lives.
- 2. There are impacts when we fail in our duty of care for disabled people.
- 3. The need for an ongoing duty of care for those who have been impacted by a family violence death.
- 4. Potential for alternative pathways when community services and government agencies are working better together.

CHANGES NEED TO BE MADE (especially by government agencies).

The report concludes
with a series of
reflective questions for
government agencies
seeking to work as good
partners with
hapori/community

RECOMMENDATIONS:

The Report urges agencies to fulfil their legal duty of care for those impacted by family violence, be good partners with community organisations, focus on wellbeing, and take a more respectful approach to people, families, whanāu and community organisations.